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manner in which he spoke that the organisers of the march are willing to co-operate with police).

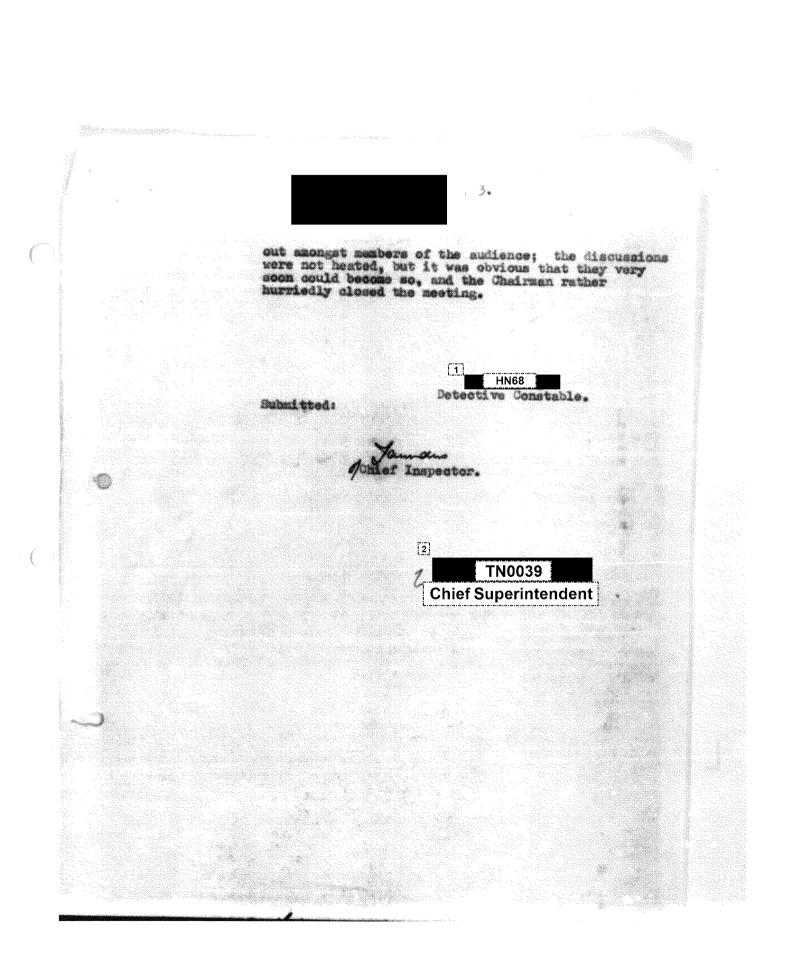
6. Privacy reported that he had been in touch with shop stewards at the Barbican site and it had been agreed that on a Thursday in the near future when it was hoped speakers from the I.C.R.S.G. would be available, all 1,400 workers would attend a mass meeting during the lunch-time period. Thursday being pay day at the Barbican, it was expected that a collection would be taken for the campaign. Privacy would address the meeting if at all possible.

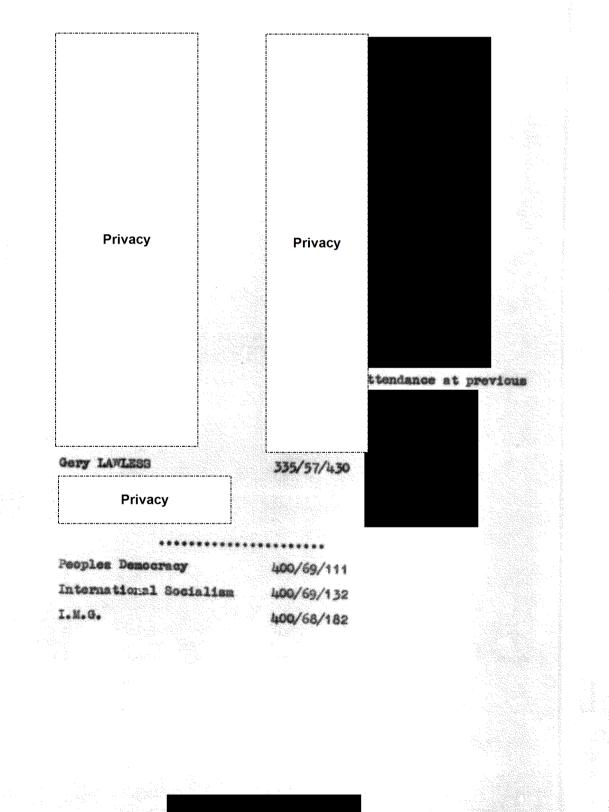
7. Privacy reported that a branch of I.C.R.S.C. had been established at Acton with a membership of 30. Branches have also been established at Dagenham, Islington and West London. A delegate from West London (unidentified) reported that a letter had been written to Mammersmith Council requesting permission to hold a rally on Shepherds Bush Green on 17th August but no reply had yet been received. Privacy advised the meeting that when dealing with councils it was far better to tell them what one intends doing and not to ask for permission.

8. The treasurer, Privacy gave a financial report; the campaign had a credit balance of about £20.0.0. Money collected at the public meeting at Wimbledon on 25th June had not yet been given to him and nobody seemed to know who had it. Privacy was appointed business manager of the monthly broadsneet of the I.C.R.S.C.

9. Privacy said that she had been in touch with Conden Council regarding the booking of St. Pancras Town Hall for the I.C.R.S.C. conference provisionally arranged for 13th September, 1969. As the cost of hiring the hall was £80.0.0. the meeting decided that this was too expensive, and authorised her to book the hall at Holborn (? Town Hall) at a cost of £18. A social will be held after the convention and she was instructed to make enquiries regarding a bar licence for the occasion.

10. At the conclusion of the meeting **Privacy** reported on the current political situation in Northern Ireland. According to him, the split between the left-wing and the right-wing of the civil rights campaign in Ulster was widening every day. He attacked **Privacy** for supporting the Frime Minister of Northern Ireland and he mentioned that Cardinal CONNAY, who had at one time supported the movement for civil rights, was now opposed to it. These latter remarks were not well received by a few persons present, who accused him of needlessly attacking Catholics. Later, **Privacy** said that Protestants were discriminating against watholic workers in Northern Ireland and this brought a rebuke from a Protestant (unidentified) in the audience who attacked **Privacy** and told him to qualify his remarks. At this stage a number of minor arguments broke





## APPENDIX TO SPECIAL BRANCH REPORT DATED 11th JULY, 1969 REGARDING IRISH CIVIL RIGHTS SOLIDARITY CAMPAIGN.